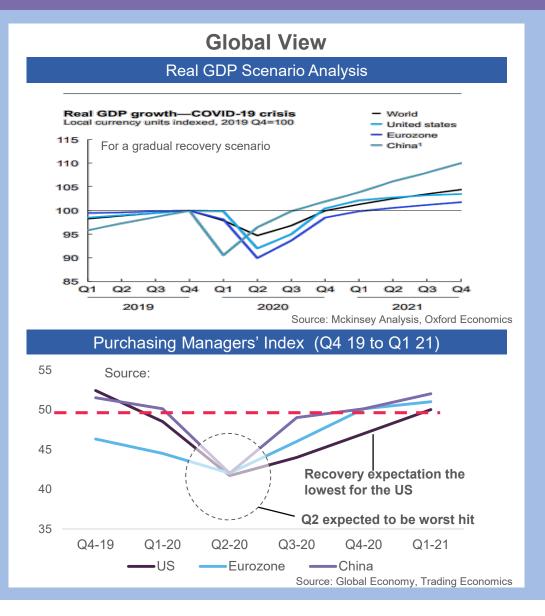
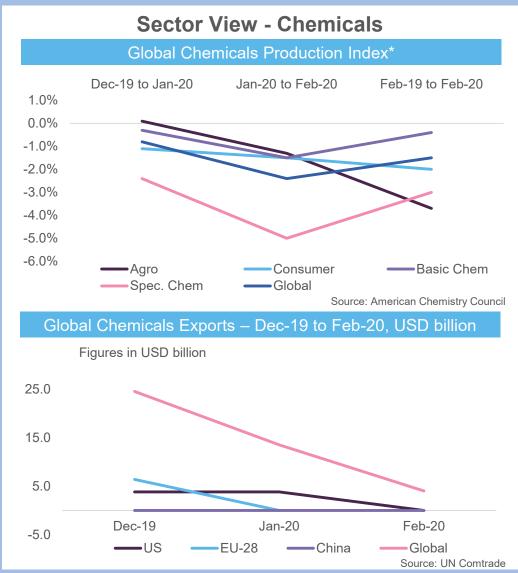


Demand-supply Shock Across Chemicals Markets

The dampening impact of COVID-19 is expected to continue in Q2 2020. The most optimistic GDP turnaround estimate, to pre-Covid-19 levels, is 4–6 quarters.





- ✓ The chemicals industry remains stagnant due to slowing demand from key sectors, such as automotive and construction.
- ✓ Europe's PMI index hovered at around the mid-40s since 2019, with key chemicals producing nations, especially Germany, touching unprecedented lows of ~40. China and the US are expected to see a sharp fall to almost 40 by Q2 2020.
- ✓ Headline chemicals production was negative 1.5 percent Y-o-Y for Feb-20.
- ✓ As of Feb 20, chemicals industry capacity utilization reached record lows of 79.3 percent, considerably lower than the longterm average of 86.5 percent (in 1987-2017); it has gone below 80 percent for the first time since the 2008 crisis...
- √ There have been no exports from China since Dec 19; the US stopped exports in Feb 20 and the EU 28 region plunged to zero exports in Jan 20

² Sources: McKinsey & Company, Oxford Economics, Trading Economics, American Chemistry Council, UN Comtrade, Evalueserve Analysis *Base year=2012; calculated basis 3-month moving average (3MMA) principle

End-use Industry Behavior Directly Impacts Chemicals Industry

Areas experiencing Covid-19 major impact

Force Majeure

Halting of production plants is the most persistent challenge being faced by the sector, especially with regard to products that are being continuously demanded by end-users (such as producers of personal health and household products).

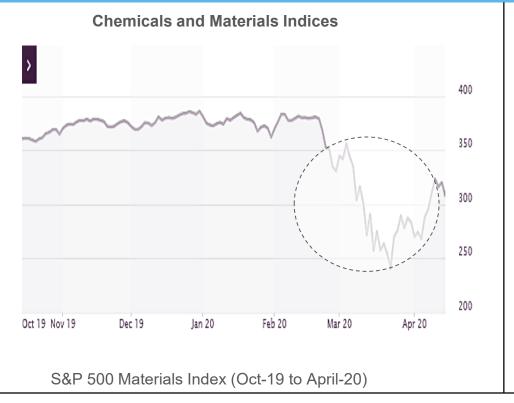
Demand Supply Imbalance

Some industries such as automotive and aerospace, have experienced a severe COVID-19 impact. Their production has gone down, lowering demand for the chemicals required for manufacturing. This has resulted in lower capacity utilization and cost pressure for chemical sector companies.

Global Supply Chain Disruptions

Overdependence on China for raw materials has adversely affected the industry. Rather then depending on global supply chain partners, the chemicals industry is looking for alternatives, such as local suppliers, as well as digital supply chain platforms.

S&P 500 Sector Indices (6M, Oct-19 to Apr-20) - Chemicals & Materials Indices Mirror End-use Industry Indices



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S&P 500 Agriculture Index (Oct-19 to April-20)



S&P 500 Industrials Index* (Oct-19 to April-20*)

Industrials include Aerospace & Defense, Agricultural & Farm Machinery, Air Freight & Logistics, Airlines, Building Products, Construction & Engineering, Construction Machinery & Heavy Trucks, Diversified Support Services, Electrical Components & Equipment, Environmental & Facilities Services, Human Resource & Employment Services, Industrial Conglomerates, Industrial Machinery, Railroads, Research & Consulting Services, Trading Companies & Distributors and Trucking

End Industry Indices

End-use Industry Snapshot – Challenging Times Ahead for Discretionary Sectors

| Key end-users and their current positioning during the crisis | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ei | nd Users | Impact Rating | Key Impact Dynamics | Key Initiatives by End Industry Players | | | | |
| | Automotive & Fransportation | Low High | Assembly plant closures and disruption in Chinese parts exports have resulted in large scale manufacturing interruptions and decrease in overall sales volume Lack of sufficient labor is also one of the challenges the industry is facing owing to the current pandemic situation. Demand is expected to have a staggered recovery. | BMW is set to produce protective masks in the wake of COVID-19 Ford and GM are making thousands of ventilators | | | | |
| • | Healthcare | Low | Positive impact of Covid-19. Sales of protective gears and drugs (and related fine chemicals throughout the value chain) on the rise | More and more end-use companies are entering the healthcare sector to tap opportunities created by the crisis | | | | |
| | Electronics & Electricals | Low High | - Shortages of materials, components and finished goods along with low demand from the consumer end is expected to have drastic impact on the industry in the long run | Flex, a contract manufacturer that makes computers for Apple, is starting ventilator assembly to take advantage of increasing demand | | | | |
| 本 | Aerospace | Low High | Disruption in production and near-zero demand, along with short-term concerns about cash flow and liquidity, is having a cascading effect throughout the industry | Boeing delivered its first batch of reusable 3D-printed face shields made from thermoplastic films supplied by Solvay | | | | |
| 76 | Construction | Low High | Drop in demand, caused by a steep decline in public sector and commercial construction, along with shortage of contractors, has led to delays and freezing of ongoing projects The DIY segment is maintaining stability in these times. | Various construction companies as an initiative are converting their training schools into isolation centres along with providing facilities to be used as temporary hospitals | | | | |
| a | Consumer Goods | Low High | Overall, this sector is performing well owing to the essential/ day-to-day nature of products Disrupted supply chain and rapid shift in consumer behavior & demand is going to have short term negative impact on the industry E-commerce adoption is growing and playing a pivotal role in distribution of essential goods | Unilever has joined a consortium that will make ventilators for UK hospitals Beiersdorf has converted its manufacturing plant to produce hand sanitizers | | | | |
| | Agriculture | Low High | Minimum disruption so far as food supply is considered an essential service Supply chain and trade disruptions, along with diminished supply of raw materials, is expected to create a negative impact Mitigation measures are being implemented by respective governments | UPL has redirected its manufacturing power to produce sanitizers and disinfectants. The company is also working with personal protective equipment (PPE) manufacturers to supply to local hospitals and municipalities | | | | |
| | Metals & Mining | Low High | Steep decline in demand from key end-use sectors, such as construction, paper, textiles, and steel, has led to mining companies operating at limited capacity as well as stock piling Forced lockdowns have reduced their scale of operations | - ArcelorMittal to develop 3D printed ventilator prototype | | | | |
| | Packaging | Low High | Overall performance positive due to links with essential goods manufacturers (consumer, medical, etc.) Companies are moving away their sourcing and supply chain base from China Manufacturing disruptions are becoming common, as many companies are heavily reliant on China for production; they are also facing logistics challenges | Companies such as Amcor and Tetra Pack are taking precautionary measures at their sites, as they continue providing essential services Packaging companies are taking initiatives to highlight measures that can prevent the spread of COVID-19 | | | | |

Expected Scenario of The Journey Ahead – Realistic Recovery Timeline of Q2/Q3 2021

A combination of factors, including COVID-19 containment situation, end-use market recovery, and oil dynamics, could impact the recovery path

| Covid-19 Scenario | Oil Market Behavior | End Industry Behavior | Expected Chemicals Industry Recovery Timeline | Expected Key Dynamic |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Fast recovery – Opening of economy by Q2 2020 | Recovery by Q4 2020 Inventory pressures decrease Prices start to stabilize | Q4 2020 – Auto, aerospace, construction, metals & mining, and electronics start partial recovery Q3 2020 – Consumer goods, agriculture, and packaging start full recovery | Q1 2021 | Best case for chemicals Accurate demand planning will lead to supply-demand balance and price realization Ideal for organic growth path |
| Gradual recovery – Opening of economy by Q3 2020 | Recovery by Q1 2021 Inventory pressures decrease Prices start to stabilize | Q1 2021 – Auto, aerospace, construction, metals & mining, and electronics start partial recovery Q4 2020 – Consumer goods, agriculture, and packaging start full recovery | Q2 2021 | Increasing pressure on capacity utilization and maintaining mark-ups Increased focus on portfolio management Need to de-bottleneck supply chain network |
| Partial recovery – Partial opening of economy by Q3 2020, with COVID-19 relapses | Recovery by Q1 / Q2 2021 Price fluctuations Majors look for portfolio optimization / divestment | Q2 2021 – Auto, aerospace, construction, metals & mining, and electronics start partial recovery Q4 2020 – Consumer goods, agriculture, and packaging start full recovery | Q2 / Q3 2021* | Volatile situation due to uncertainties in demand and fluctuating raw material prices Need for business model excellence Need to de-bottleneck supply chain network |
| Slow recovery – Opening of economy extended till Q4 2020 / Q1 2021 | Recovery by Q3/ Q4 2021 Oversupply prevents full price recovery increased focus on downstream portfolio | Q3 / Q4 2021 – Auto, aerospace, construction, metals & mining, and electronics start partial recovery Q4 2020 – Consumer goods, agriculture, and packaging start full recovery | Q4 2021 / Q1 2022 | Deep impact Liquidity issues leading to increased M&A / further consolidation in the industry |

^{*} Evalueserve expects this scenario to be the most-likely outcome