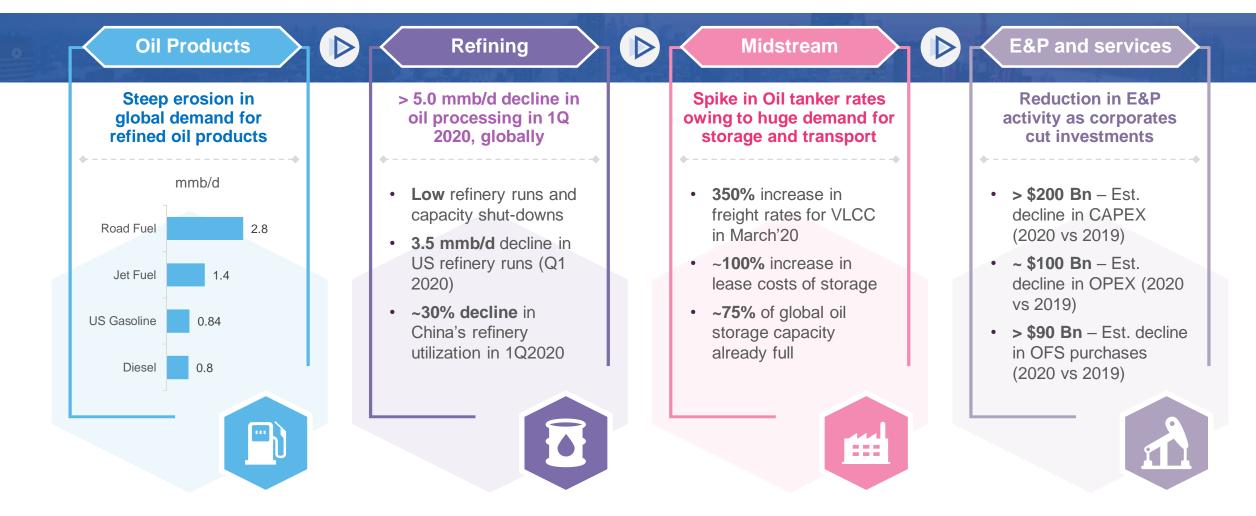


# COVID-19: Way Forward for Oil Markets APRIL 2020

## Ripple effects of demand shock from COVID-19, felt across the value chain

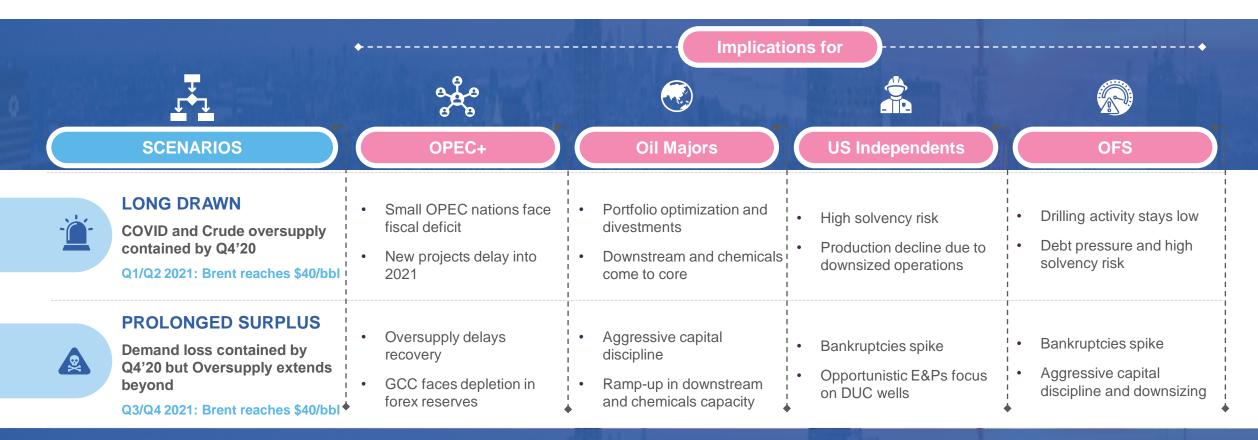
Given the current state of outbreak it's unlikely that the demand loss from COVID-19 would diminish before Q3 2020 and despite the optimistic recovery, 2020 oil demand will still face substantial decline.





### What are the possibilities ahead?

"LONG DRAWN" scenario is most likely. Amidst agreement on production cuts and strong measures to contain COVID, 2021-22 is likely to mark the recovery of oil markets.



As per Evalueserve's analysis, Brent prices are likely to recover to \$40/bbl by Q1/Q2 2021 provided that the COVID-19, is successfully contained by end of Q2 2020 resulting in oil demand returning to pre-crisis levels in 2H 2020. The rise in Brent prices would lag the demand recovery due to excess production and accelerate gradually as stockpiles start to drop.

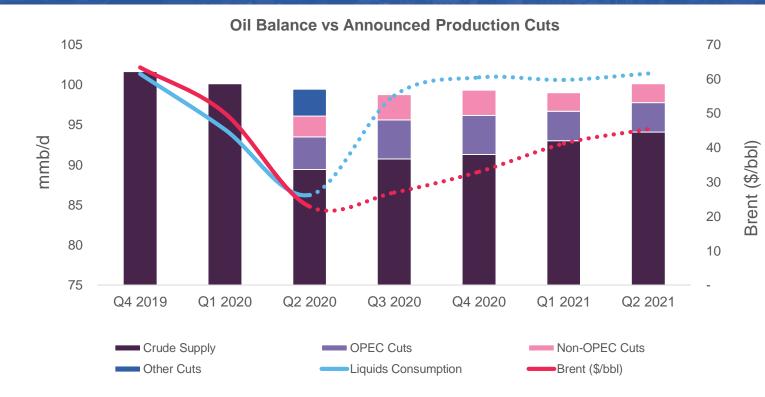
3 Sources: Evalueserve Analysis



# OPEC+ cuts: Will the supply side deal be enough?

Despite the agreed production cuts of ~15.0 mmb/d, rebound in oil prices would predominantly depend on the acceleration of demand growth in 2H2020, assuming that COVID is contained and OPEC+ and others are compliant with cuts.

Despite the coordinated supply cuts, Q2 2020 is likely to witness substantial oversupplies, more refining run cuts and storage standstills. While the production cuts are unlikely to prevent inventory builds in coming months, it would lead to stock reductions from the second half of 2020 onwards.



Note: The projections based on the assumption that COVID-19 is contained by Q2 2020 and demand recovers by Q3 2020. This in turn would drive a gradual recovery in oil prices by Q4 2020-Q1 2021

Source: OPEC; EIA Short-term Energy Outlook; Morgan Stanley COVID Analysis March 2020; Bloomberg

mmb/d cuts by OPEC+ and Others, might not be enough to offset the expected 19 mmb/d demand loss in April-May 2020

**Demand loss steeper than cuts:** ~15

Brent barely moved: Despite the

Brent rose merely by 1.6% on the day

announcement of record production cuts,

**Significance of alliance:** Could lead to greater stability in oil markets and geopolitical dynamics, in the long-term

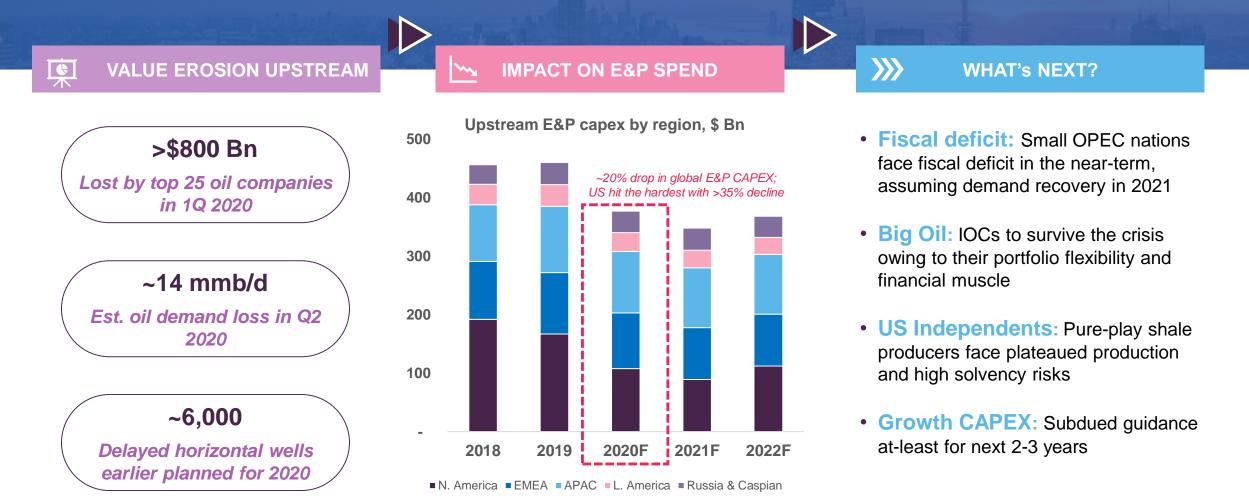


US production cuts: on track for a market-driven production decline of 2-3 mmb/d in 2020



# What happens to upstream investment cycle?

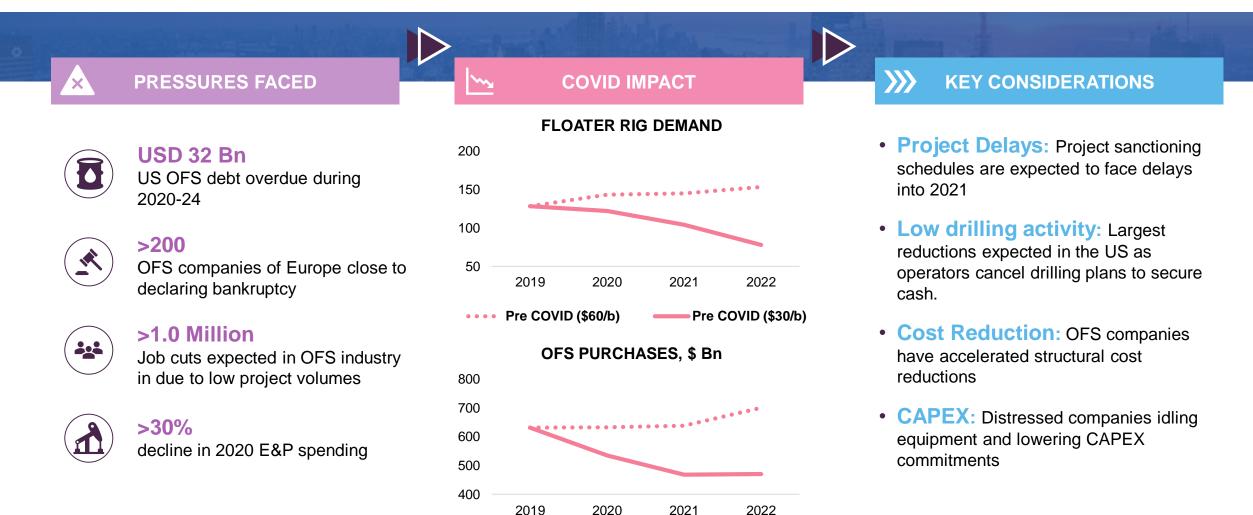
Just like the previous crash of 2014, the CAPEX will likely be subdued for next 2-3 years, until 2022, owing to the risk-averse approach by companies. E&P spending for US onshore will be the hardest hit for next 3 years.





# Oil Field Services...once again in the 'survival mode'

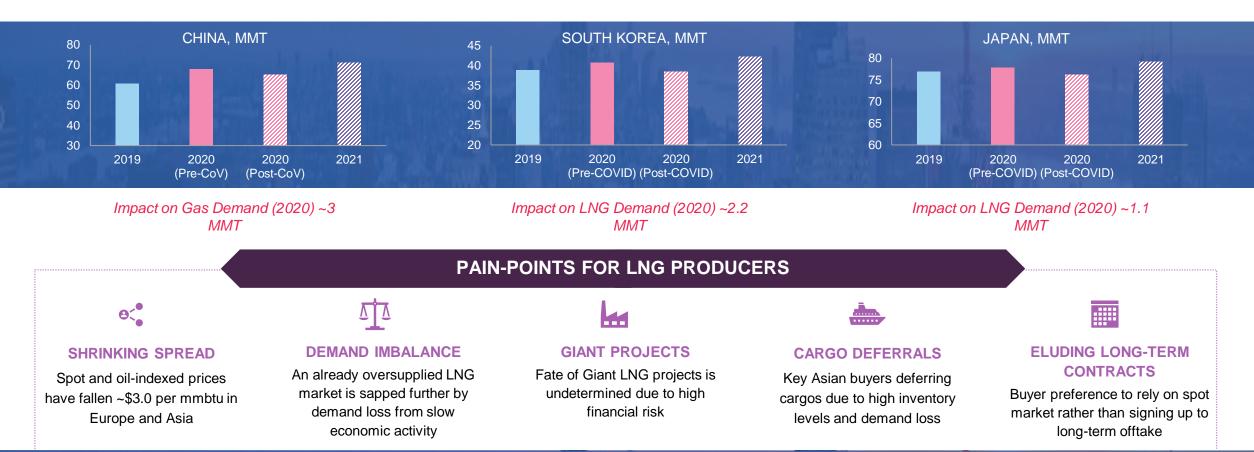
Although OFS companies have reduced CAPEX and are optimizing their operations, they continue to face significant bankruptcy risk in case the E&P activity continues to be slow beyond 2020





### LNG Demand...would there be a respite after COVID-19?

Amidst demand erosion and cargo deferrals, up to 8% of global LNG demand could be at risk (more than 25 MTPA, in the near term, while the low-price environment could last at least till Q2 2020



Beyond the financial impact, development of future liquefaction projects stay at risk, because market volatility would deter investors and make it tricky to approve new projects, especially the large scale ones This will particularly affect US independent developers, which need upfront customer commitments to secure project financing



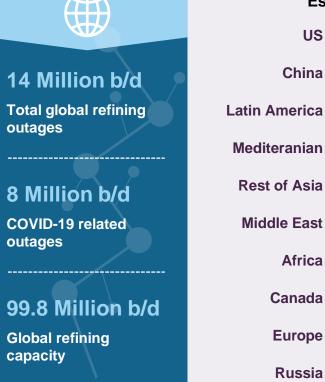
## Oil Refiners...it could get worse...

Amidst expectations that Q2 2020 would witness the worst demand loss than March 2020, its likely that oil refiners have to make deeper cuts in their refinery runs. However, the run cuts are unlikely to keep pace with plunging fuel margins.

The global refiners will continue to optimize their crude runs to balance production economics, at least till the end of Q3/Q4 2020. In the medium-term though, as demand recovers, refiners could benefit from the stockpiled low-cost crude for better margins.

3,125

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China 2,128 1,977 Mediteranian 1.819 1,510 Rest of Asia **Middle East** 1.377 Africa 866 Chart represents, outages Canada 410 due to discretionary run-cuts, maintenance and idling as of 389 Europe 3<sup>rd</sup> April 2020 Russia 321

Estimated Refinery Outages, Kb/d

#### **KEY CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Planned maintenance pushed back

 Fear of contagion of COVID-19 in plants from contractors brought in for work

#### US refiners to make deeper run cuts

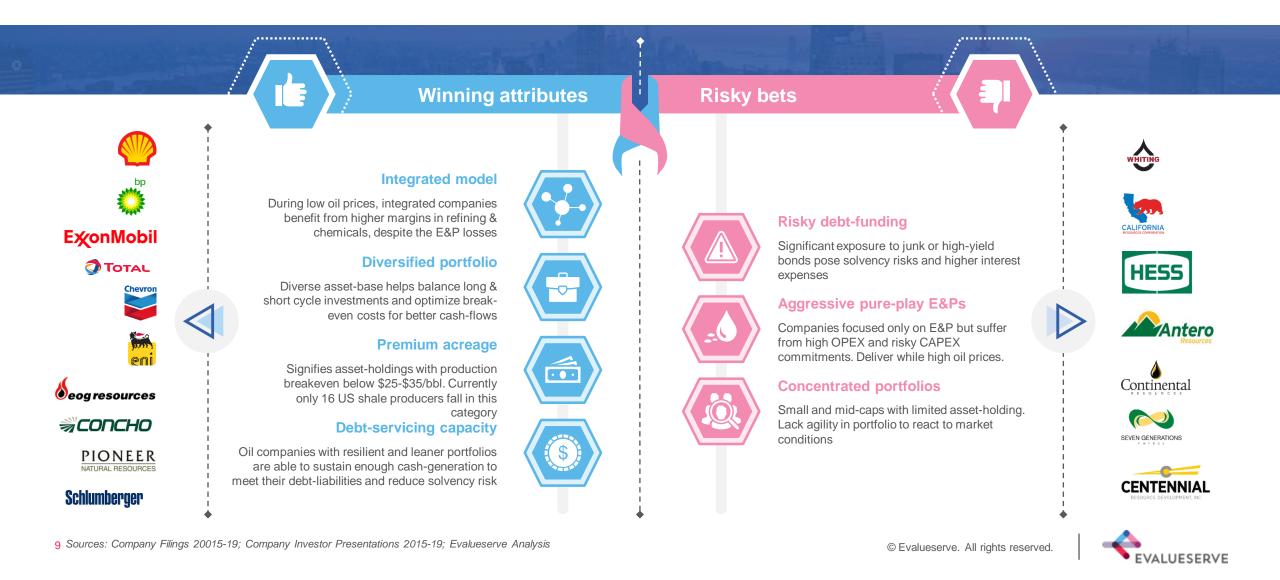
- Increasing demand loss in the US
- The lack of export capacity also pressuring refiners top shut-down

#### **Case of China & India**

- China registered refinery utilization rates ~70% in March 2020
- Major Indian refiners reduced throughputs by 25-30%

# Who would survive the crisis ?

The COVID-19 crisis has tested the agility of global E&P portfolios and business models. In addition to big-oil, ones with integrated model, advantaged acreage and balanced portfolio are best placed to survive the crisis.



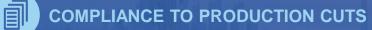
### When are the oil markets likely to recover ?

The demand loss would weigh on oil prices during 2020, but OPEC+ compliance to production cuts, COVID containment by Q2/Q3 2020 and slow-down in the US production, could accelerate the recovery of oil markets during 2021-22.

### **(**

#### EARLY CONTAINMENT OF COVID-19

Aggressive quarantines are expected to contain COVID by end of Q2'20 or beginning of Q3'20. This could help relieve demand-side pressures on oil markets by end of 2020



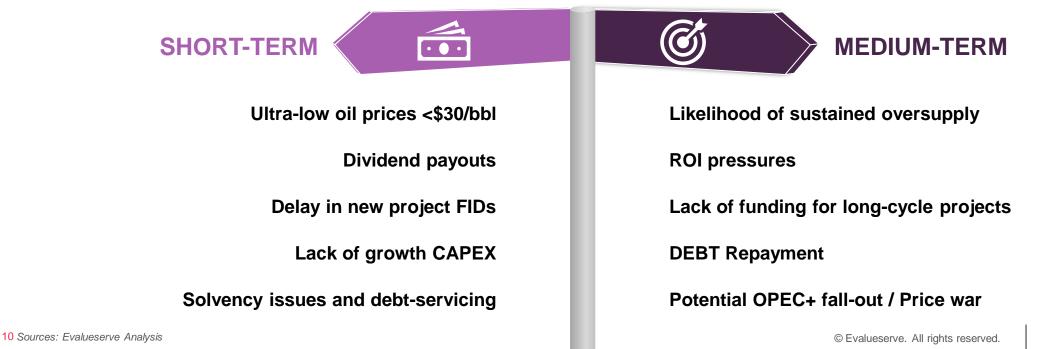
If the OPEC+ and other G20 comply with their committed production cuts for 2020, it would substantially reduce stocks from 2H 2020 onwards and help oil prices recover



#### **DECLINE IN US PRODUCTION**

Decline in US Shale production due to marketdriven demand loss combined with – conservative CAPEX programs and inadequate debt-funding for Shale projects

#### **BUSINESS CONCERNS FOR OIL COMPANIES**



## Authors

#### COVID-19: Way Forward for Oil Markets



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