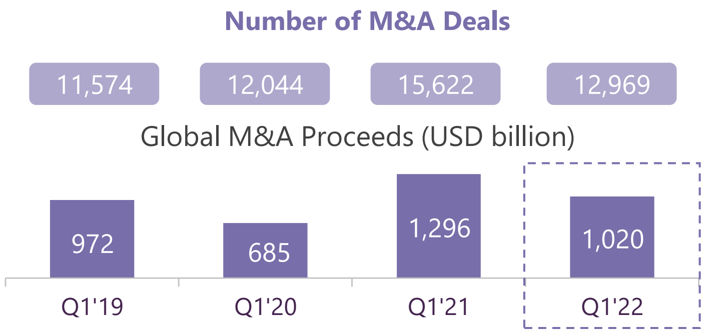
EVALUESERVE

Q1’22 – Investment Banking Update

Key Highlights for Q1’22

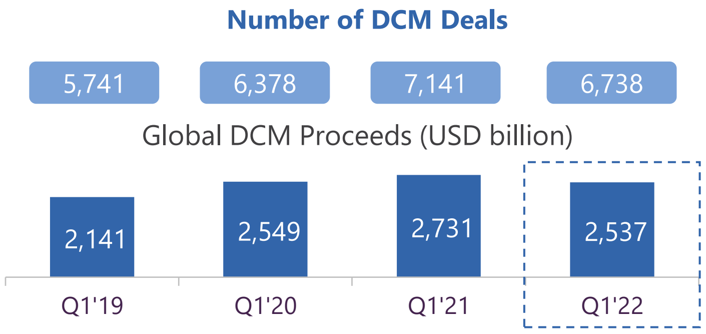
M&A Witnessed Slow Start in FY’22, After Record-breaking FY’21

- The global M&A landscape experienced a noticeable decline in both deal value and volume, as inflation concerns, the Russia-Ukraine conflict, and rising cases of COVID-19 in some parts of the world dampened overall deal enthusiasm
- However, M&A activity did push past USD 1 trillion for the record seventh consecutive quarter
  - Q1’22 saw two kinds of activities – while previously negotiated deals were closed on time, announced activities slowed down as investors became cautious due to uncertainty amid geopolitical tensions
- Technology, financials, and real estate accounted for a major chunk (~51%) of total deal value



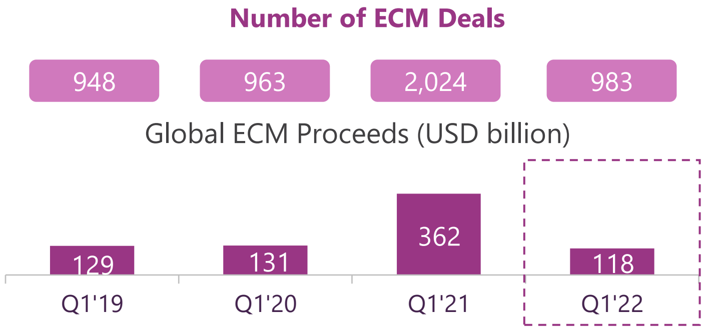
QoQ Growth Offset YoY Weakness in Debt Market

- Global debt issuance witnessed a relatively modest YoY decline of 7% to ~USD 2.5 trillion; new offerings declined by 6% YoY
- However, the market was up 13%, compared with Q4’21, driven by high-quality credits, financials, governments and agencies
- Investment-grade debt witnessed the strongest opening quarter reaching USD 1.3 trillion (up 3% YoY)
- Another bright spot was the 31% YoY increase in Asia’s local currency bond offerings, which reached USD 827 billion, driven largely by a 40% increase in Chinese Yuan offerings



Equity Issuances Fell to 2016 Levels

- Q1’22 was the first quarterly period since Q1’20 to witness new equity issuance of less than USD 200 billion
- The maximum loss of business took place in the U.S., as proceeds were down 86% YoY to just 15% of the global equity market
- Global IPOs fell to the pre-pandemic trend line of USD 40 billion, marking a 62% YoY decline
  - U.S. listings dropped 95% YoY; the New York Stock Exchange did not witness any new listing
- Secondary offerings were down 67% YoY, while convertible offerings declined 73% YoY



Source: Refinitiv and press

Slowest Opening Quarter for M&A in Two Years

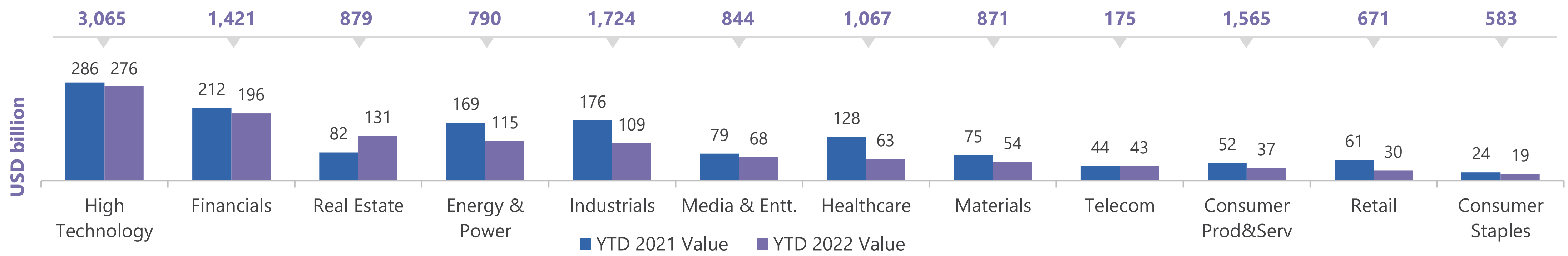
YTD 2022(1) – Announced M&A Deals

All Sectors Except Real Estate Witness YoY Decline in Deal Activity

YoY Change in Regional M&A Deals – YTD 2022

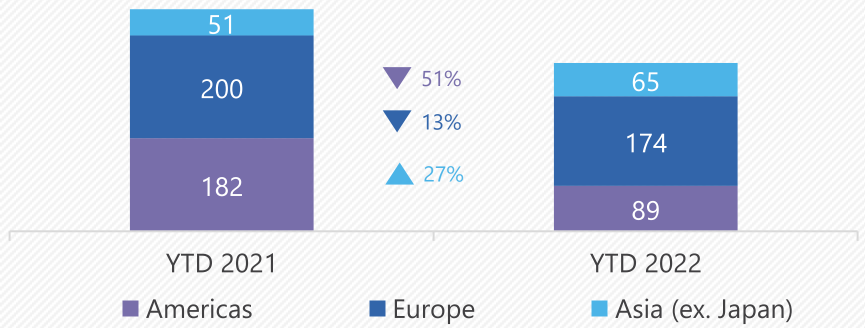
- Americas: -24%
- Europe: -3%
- Asia (ex-Japan): +5%

YTD 2022 – Deal Volume



- Rising geopolitical tensions put the brakes on corporate M&A in Q1’22, making it the slowest opening quarter in the last two years; however, it emerged as the seventh consecutive quarter to surpass deal value of USD 1 trillion
- Mega-deals made a strong showing; 14 of the announced deals were valued greater than USD 10 billion, and totalled USD 253.6 billion, marking a 46% YoY increase and the highest period for mega deals, by value, in the last three years
  - Large and mid-market deals, valued between USD 1 billion and USD 5 billion, suffered a 40% decline
- PE-backed buyouts accounted for a record 29% of M&A activity; approximately 2,900 deals were announced during the first quarter
- Cross-border M&A decreased by 24% YoY, making Q1’22 the slowest first quarter since 2020
- M&A activity was down in all major geographies, with the steepest decline registered in APAC (22%), while activity in the U.S. and Europe declined by 19% and 6%, respectively
  - U.S. deals accounted for 51% of overall worldwide M&A, up slightly from 50% a year ago

YTD 2022 Cross-border M&A by Region (USD billion)



Source: Refinitiv and press

Note: 1. YTD 2022 refers to the period from January 1 to April 7 of 2022; YTD 2021 refers to the period from January 1 to April 8 of 2021

Top 20 M&A Deals in Q1'22

Announcement Date	Acquirer's Name	Acquirer's Nation	Target's Name	Target's Nation	Value (USD billion)	Target's Industry	Consideration
Jan 18, 2022	Microsoft	U.S.	Activision Blizzard	U.S.	68.7	Software	Cash
Feb 15, 2022	Blackstone & others	U.S.	Mileway	Netherlands	23.7	REIT	Undisclosed
Feb 10, 2022	Zendesk SPV	U.S.	Zendesk	U.S.	16.4	Software	Cash
Jan 31, 2022	Citrix Systems SPV	U.S.	Citrix Systems	U.S.	15.8	Software	Cash
Mar 20, 2022	Nielsen Holdings SPV	U.S.	Nielsen Holdings	U.S.	15.3	Advertising	Cash
Feb 28, 2022	Toronto Dominion Bank	Canada	First Horizon	U.S.	13.5	Banking	Cash
Mar 27, 2022	British Columbia IM, Macquarie AM, and Pantheon Infrastructure	Australia	National Grid (Gas Transmission & Metering)	U.K.	12.7	Oil & Gas	Cash
Mar 21, 2022	Berkshire Hathaway	U.S.	Alleghany	U.S.	11.5	Insurance	Cash
Jan 10, 2022	Take-Two Interactive Software	U.S.	Zynga	U.S.	11.3	Software	Stock swap
Jan 24, 2022	Acacia Research	U.S.	Kohl's	U.S.	11.1	Department Stores	Cash
Feb 18, 2022	Celanese	U.S.	DuPont de Nemours (Mobility & Material)	U.S.	11.0	Chemicals	Cash
Feb 28, 2022	Healthcare Realty Trust	U.S.	Healthcare Trust of America	U.S.	10.5	REIT	Stock swap
Mar 20, 2022	Alpine Parent	U.S.	Anaplan	U.S.	10.4	Software	Stock swap (SPAC)
Feb 22, 2022	Standard General	U.S.	Tegna	U.S.	8.9	Broadcasting	Cash
Mar 08, 2022	Masmovil Ibercom (Spain Operations)	Spain	Orange Espagne (Spain Operations)	Spain	8.8	Telecom	Undisclosed
Feb 24, 2022	Infrastructure Investments Fund	U.S.	South Jersey Industries	U.S.	7.7	Oil & Gas	Cash
Mar 16, 2022	EQT	Sweden	Baring Private Equity Asia	Hong Kong	7.5	FIG	Cash + stock
Jan 21, 2022	Cohn Robbins Holdings	U.S.	Allwyn Entertainment	Switzerland	7.4	Gaming	Stock swap
Jan 13, 2022	Proofpoint	U.S.	Mimecast	U.K.	6.1	Software	Cash
Feb 23, 2022	Pegasus Holdings III	U.S.	Tenneco	U.S.	6.0	Automotive	Cash

Source: Refinitiv

Slowest Opening Quarter for DCM Activity Since Q1’19

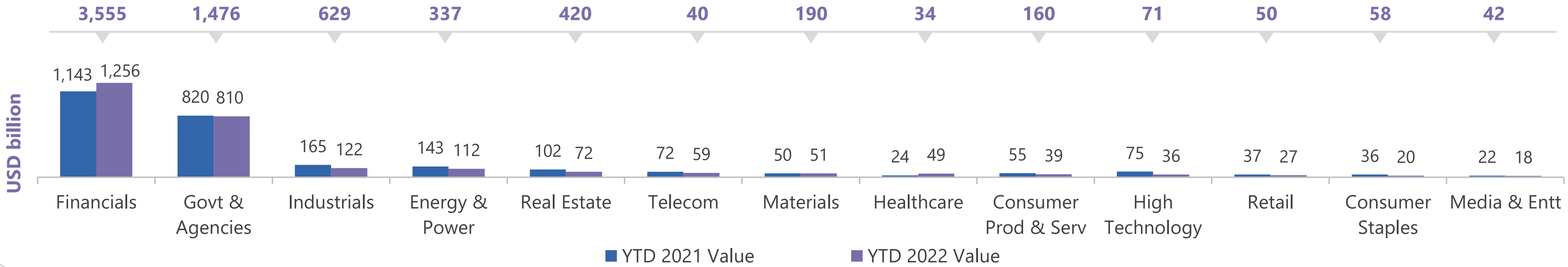
YTD 2022[(1)] – DCM Deals

Global Debt Issuance Witnessed a Relatively Modest YoY Decline

YoY Change in Regional DCM Deals – YTD 2022

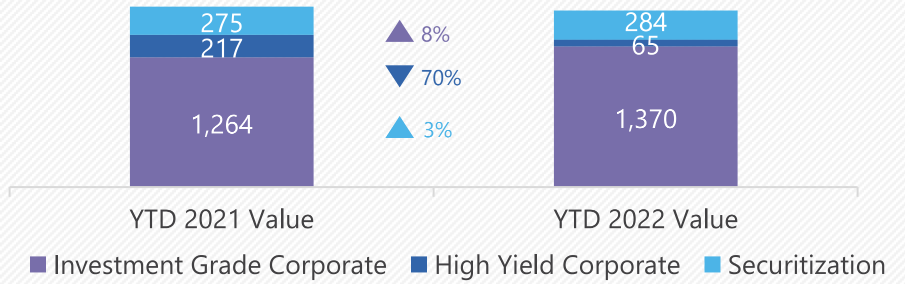
- Americas: -14%
- Europe: -17%
- Asia (ex-Japan): +16%

YTD 2022 – Deal Volume



- Global DCM activity totaled ~USD 2.5 trillion in FY'21 (down 7% YoY)
  - A total of 6,738 new offerings brought to the market (decline of 6% YoY), representing a two-year low
- The global high-yield issuances decreased, while investment-grade issuances increased 3% YoY
  - High-yield issuances totaled USD 59 billion, a decrease of 72% YoY, the slowest opening quarter for global high yield issuance since 2016
  - Investment-grade issuances totaled USD 1.3 trillion, the strongest opening quarter for global high-grade corporate debt since records began in 1980
- Green bond issuances reached ~USD 106 billion in Q1’22 (down 11% YoY), surpassing USD 100 billion for the fifth consecutive quarter
- DCM activity from financials and governments & agencies accounted for 77% of total issuances (vs. 71% in Q1’21)
- International bond issuances totaled USD 1.2 trillion (down 24% YoY), while debt from emerging market corporate issuers totaled ~USD 70 billion (up 38% YoY)
- Regionally, Asia local currency bond offerings totaled USD 827 billion in Q1’22 (up 31% YoY) and recorded the strongest opening period for issuance to date

YTD 2022 DCM Issuances by Type (USD billion)



Source: Refinitiv and press

Note: 1. YTD 2022 refers to the period from January 1 to April 7 of 2022; YTD 2021 refers to the period from January 1 to April 8 of 2021

Slowest Opening Quarter for ECM Activity Since Q1'16

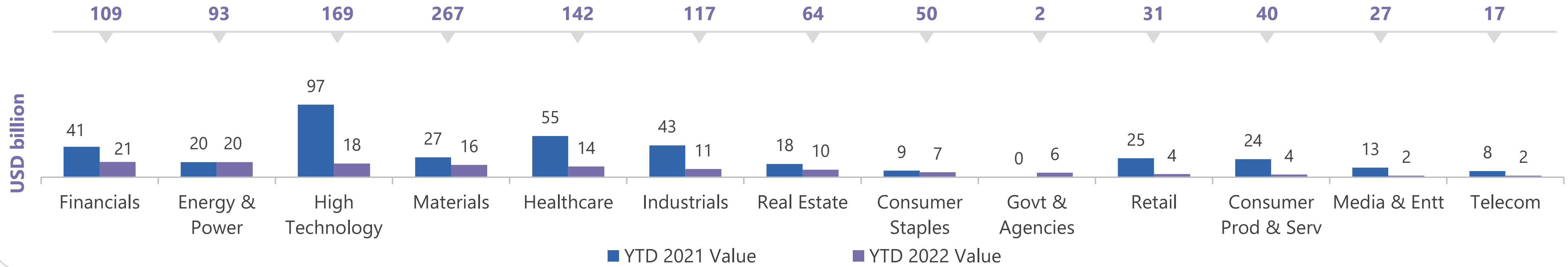
YTD 2022[1] – ECM Deals

Majority of Sectors Witnessed Decrease in Issuances

YTD 2022 – Deal Volume

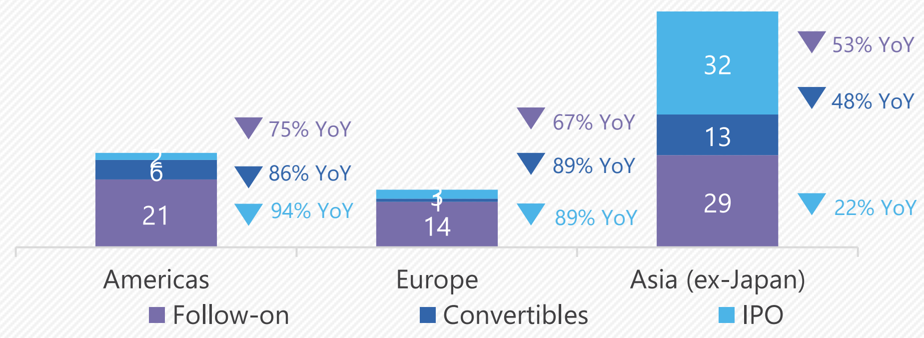
YoY Change in Regional ECM Deals – YTD 2022

- Americas: -82%
- Europe: -77%
- Asia (ex-Japan): -42%



- In Q1'22, ECM activity reached ~USD 121 billion mark (down 67% YoY), reflecting the slowest opening quarter for global equity capital markets activity since 2016
  - A total of ~1,000 ECM offerings were brought to the market (down 45% YoY)
- Global IPOs (excluding SPACs) fell by 62% YoY to ~USD 40 billion , the slowest first quarter for global IPOs since 2019. The New York Stock Exchange saw no new listings in a quarter for the first time since 2008, bringing the total proceeds for IPOs on US exchanges down 95% during Q1'22, while China-domiciled IPOs totaled ~USD 17 billion during Q1'22, down 36% YoY
- The US ECM market took a hit, from enjoying a ~33% market share in FY'20 to a 15% market share in Q1'22
- While issuers from China raised ~USD 44 billion during Q1'22, a decrease of 43% YoY, they held the largest percentage of global ECM issuances during Q1'22 with a 37% market share
- ~690 secondary offerings (worth ~USD 62 billion) were announced in Q1'22, down 49% YoY
- Global convertible offerings totaled ~USD 19 billion in Q1'22, a decrease of 73% compared to a year ago; it accounted for 16% of global ECM activity

YTD 2022 ECM Issuances by Type and Region (USD billion)

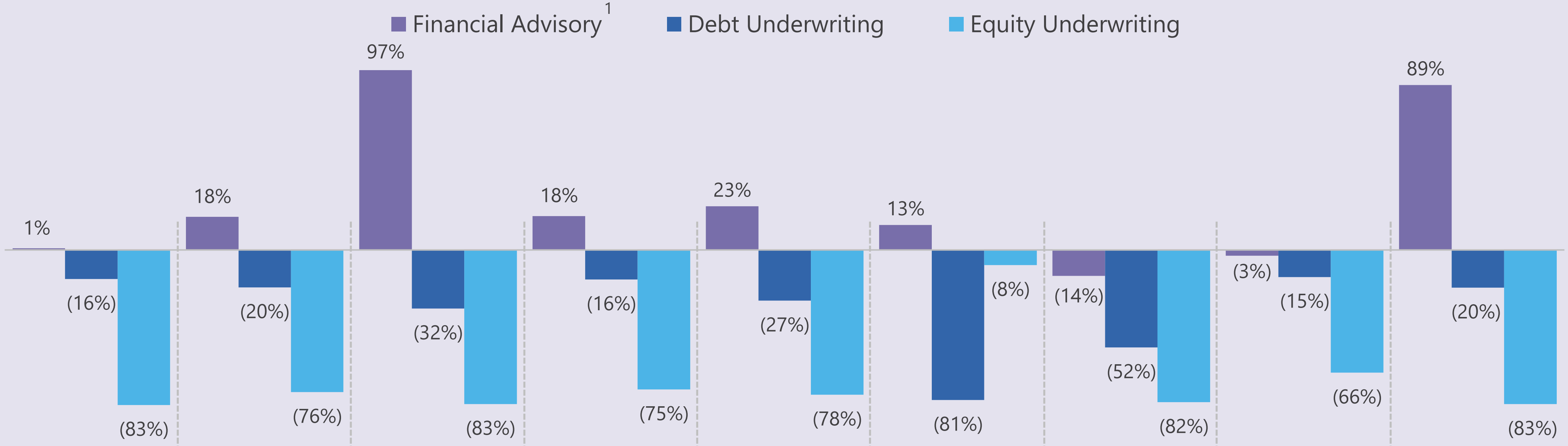


Source: Refinitiv and press

Note: 1. YTD 2022 refers to the period from January 1 to April 7 of 2022; YTD 2021 refers to the period from January 1 to April 8 of 2021

Investment Banks Witnessed a Sharp Decline in Business Due to Volatile Markets and the Ukraine Crisis

Q1'22 – Investment Banking Revenues and YoY Change



IB Revenue (USD million)	Goldman Sachs	J.P.Morgan	Morgan Stanley	Bank of America	citi	Barclays	Credit Suisse	UBS	Deutsche Bank
Q1'22	2,131	2,050	1,634	1,457	1,028	826	673	550	507
Q1'21	3,566	2,988	2,613	2,246	1,798	1,095	1,603	788	700

Source: Company reports and press
Note: 1. Financial advisory revenue growth was primarily driven by the closure of previously announced deals from FY'21

Bulge Bracket Investment Banks’ Performance – Key Highlights (1/2)

Goldman Sachs

In Q1’22, investment banking (IB) revenues were down by 40% YoY primarily due to a significant decline in industry-wide activities both in equity underwriting and in debt underwriting. The bank’s M&A franchise continued its outstanding performance and participated in 115 transactions worth ~USD 385 billion. The IB backlogs are stable, and the bank expects market volatility to settle down during the year which is likely to bring some issuance back into the marketplace

J.P.Morgan

Debt underwriting revenues declined due to leveraged finance as issuers contended with market volatility. In the equity underwriting, decline in revenues were attributable to lower issuance activities, particularly in North America and EMEA. However, advisory witnessed the best first quarter ever, benefiting from the closing of deals announced in FY’21. The bank is optimistic on the economy at least for the short term but expects significant geopolitical and economic challenges ahead due to high inflation, supply chain issues and the war in Ukraine

Morgan Stanley

Morgan Stanley’s IB revenue declined by 37% YoY to ~USD 1.6 billion in Q1’22. Advisory revenue almost doubled YoY driven by higher levels of completed M&A transactions during the period. Equity underwriting declined significantly by 83% due to lower issuances, driven by uncertain economic environments. Fixed income underwriting was also lower under the backdrop of negative bond market sentiments. However, bank’s IB pipeline remains healthy which is likely to drive revenue growth in underwriting

BANK OF AMERICA

Bank of America’s IB revenue decreased by 35% YoY, as industry-wide underwriting activities retreated from record levels in Q1’21. The ongoing Russia-Ukraine war and ambiguity over the economic slowdown due to inflation weighed on business sentiments. However, the bank gained market share in some crucial areas, including moving to the number 2[1] position in midcap investment banking. Also, the bank’s forward IB pipeline remains quite strong

citi

In Q1’22, Citi’s IB revenue decreased by 43% YoY due to fewer capital markets activities. However, growth in the advisory partially offset a decrease in revenue. The advisory grew by 23% YoY. Equity and debt underwritings were down by 78% and 27%, respectively. The decline was mainly due to heightened geopolitical uncertainties and the overall macroeconomic backdrop, reducing the overall activities in debt and equity capital markets. IB pipelines are healthy and loan demand is on the rise

“This year continues to test the resiliency and agility of companies looking to go public. With increased volatility in the markets and uncertainties surrounding geopolitical crises, oil prices and inflation, there is increased focus on public company readiness to give companies the flexibility to capitalize when market conditions are optimal.”

– Rachel Gerring, IPO Leader, EY Americas (March 2022)

Source: Company reports and press

Note: 1. Sourced from Dealogic as mentioned in BofA filings

Bulge Bracket Investment Banks' Performance – Key Highlights (2/2)

BARCLAYS

Investment banking revenues decreased 25% YoY due to the reduced fee pool, particularly in equity capital markets, and a strong prior year comparative. Debt capital markets' income was down by 8%, outperforming the market, while the advisory business performed well, and the deal pipeline remains strong. The bank has been investing to sustain its position as the sixth-ranked global investment bank (which will help in taking advantage of the growth in the capital markets) and to help clients manage risk. The bank expects to become even stronger in debt and perform better in equity in the coming quarters

CREDIT SUISSE

In Q1'22, the bank's IB revenues decreased 53% YoY due to a slowdown in capital market activity, the bank's de-risking initiatives, lower leveraged finance revenues due to reduced risk appetite and continued efforts towards planned exits from prime services. The Russia-Ukraine crisis led to subdued results from trading solutions, as the franchise mix has limited exposure to macro and commodity sectors. The advisory pipeline was up YoY and QoQ. CS is investing in the capital-light IB and capital markets businesses and driving growth in credit and securitised products businesses

UBS

During the quarter, global banking revenues declined by 30% YoY, largely driven by lower capital markets revenues, compared with a 36% decrease in the overall global fee pool. Within banking, advisory revenue decreased by 3% YoY as higher revenues from M&A transactions were more than offset by a fall in other advisory fee revenues, while the global fee pool size was broadly unchanged. The market volatility impacted new issuance and deal flow in the quarter. Concerns about inflation and monetary policy response, along with the Russia-Ukraine war weighed on investor sentiments

Deutsche Bank

Overall revenues declined in origination and advisory, but this was in line with the industry fee pool reduction. Debt origination revenues were lower due to materially reduced leveraged debt capital markets business, while investment-grade debt performance remained robust. Equity origination revenues were lower, reflecting a smaller industry fee pool and much-reduced SPAC activity. Advisory revenues were significantly higher, driven by strong levels of transaction completion on a solid pipeline. The bank undertook several important transactions across businesses, including acting as a joint bookrunner on the first ESG global bond offering by the Republic of Philippines

"We expect M&A activity in 2022 to be driven by some of the same underlying forces that we saw in 2021. While market participants are taking stock of the current geopolitical climate to evaluate their approach to M&A in the near term, we expect activity to continue apace. In some instances, our view is that activity is likely to shift away from strategic-only combinations to "self-help" transactions, and sponsor-led transactions...We believe financial sponsors' share of the M&A market in 2022 is likely to grow from 2021. This is supported by USD 2 trillion in dry powder, supportive credit markets, a regulatory environment that generally favors them, and their ability to provide solutions to very complicated problems."

– Ihsan Essaid, Global Co-Head M&A, Barclays (March 2022)

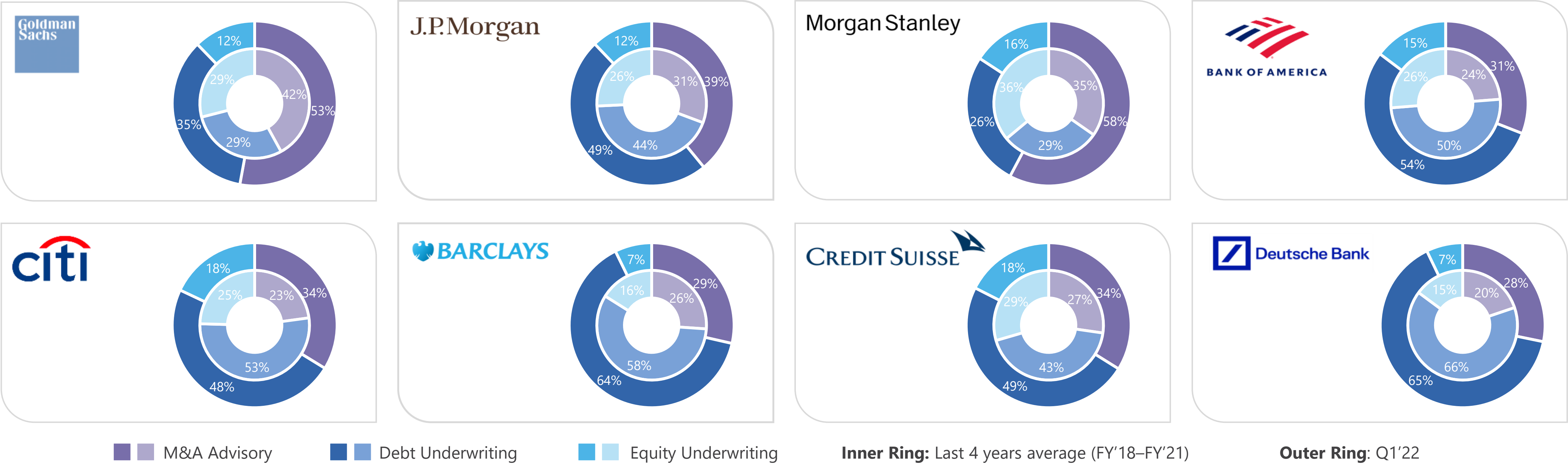
Source: Company reports and press

M&A Advisory Accounted for a Higher Share in Q1'22, as Capital Market Activity Remained Muted

"We remain optimistic on the U.S. economy, at least for the short term – consumer and business balance sheets as well as consumer spending remain at healthy levels – but see significant geopolitical and economic challenges ahead due to high inflation, supply chain issues and the war in Ukraine...I can't tell you the outcome of it. I hope all those things disappear and go away, we have a soft landing and the war is resolved. I just wouldn't bet at all that. I cannot foresee any scenario at all where you're not going to have a lot of volatility in markets going forward."

– Jamie Dimon, CEO, JP Morgan (April 2022)

Change in IB Fee Composition in Q1'22[1]

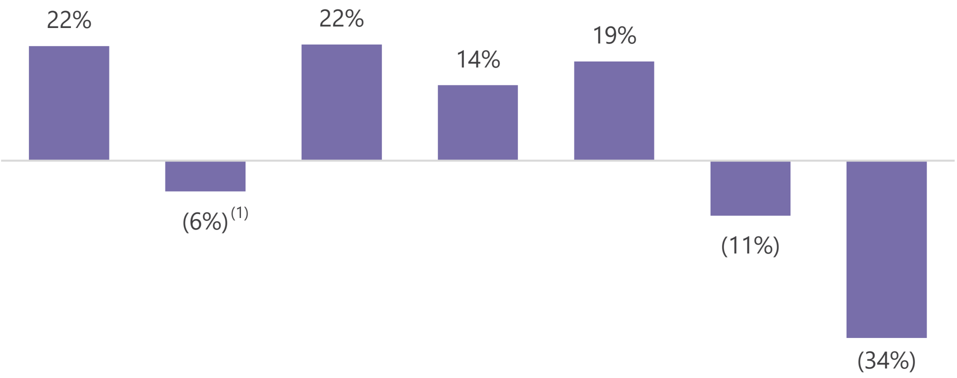


Source: Company reports
Note: 1. UBS is excluded as DCM/ECM breakdown is not available for previous years

Challenging Macro Environment Resulted in Mixed Quarter for Advisory Firms

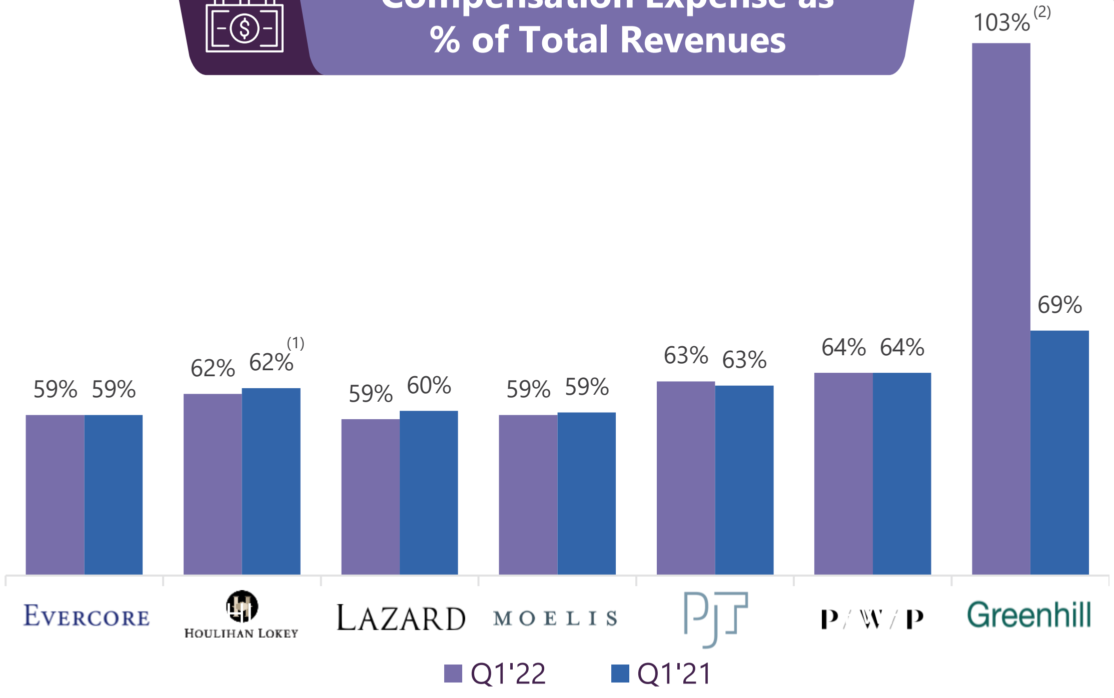
- In Q1’22, despite increased volatility, Evercore and Moelis witnessed their best first quarter ever, primarily driven by a high volume of completed deals
- The Ukraine-Russia conflict, inflationary pressure, supply chain constraints and growing interest rates across the globe are expected to slow down deal announcements and increase the time required for deal closures
- The fundamental themes that are likely to drive M&A activity in the medium to long term remain intact as companies are strengthening their internal teams and hiring senior executives for deal execution

Q1’22 – YoY Change in Advisory Revenue



Revenue (USD million)	Evercore	Houlihan Lokey	Lazard	Moelis	PJT	P/W/P	Greenhill
Q1’22	625	471	388	302	182	152	45
Q1’21	512	501	317	264	153	170	69

Compensation Expense as % of Total Revenues



Source: Company reports

Note: 1. Houlihan Lokey’s fiscal year ends in March. The advisory revenue data and compensation ratio are calculated for the three months that ended in March

2. The high compensation expense ratio is a result of low revenue in the quarter

M&A Advisory Firms' Performance – Key Highlights (1/2)

EVERCORE

Evercore registered the highest-ever first-quarter revenue and earnings in Q1'22. Advisory fees stood at ~USD 625 million, up 22% YoY, reflecting a high volume of completed transactions in sectors such as TMT, healthcare and industrial. The upside was driven both by corporate and sponsor clients. Underwriting revenue was primarily affected by a surge in volatility and macro headwinds that weighed on issuers. In Q1'22, two senior MDs joined Evercore's advisory team. The company is also expecting two more senior MDs, focused on technology, to join in 2022. Evercore expects innovation and new disruptive business models to drive multiyear M&A decision making

HOULIHAN LOKEY

Houlihan Lokey's revenue for the quarter ended Mar'22 decreased by 6% YoY to USD 471 million. Revenue from corporate finance was down by 7% YoY, due to a slow down in deal closings driven by geopolitical uncertainties and concerns about higher inflation and interest rates. During the quarter, the firm completed 25 financial restructuring transactions compared with 35 transactions a year ago; however, its average transaction fee on closed deals increased during the period. As of May'2022, Houlihan Lokey witnessed high new deal activity in both corporate finance and FVA, along with strong momentum going into FY'23. In April'22, it promoted 29 employees to Managing Director. The board has replaced its USD 250 million stock repurchase program with a new USD 500 million program

LAZARD

In Q1'22, revenue from Lazard's financial advisory division increased by 22% YoY, reflecting a continued momentum, particularly across Europe and North America. Lazard's engagements with clients have remained robust and activity is at historically high levels despite heightened geopolitical risks, inflation concerns and supply chain challenges. For the restructuring business, deal activity continued to be low, but there was some increase in the level of dialogues with clients. Lazard continued to grow its financial advisory team by promoting high-performing employees and strategically hiring people with rich experience. It expects to continue using excess free cash flow for share repurchases

MOELIS

Moelis recorded its highest-ever first-quarter revenue in Q1'22 with a 14% YoY hike, primarily driven by continued strength in M&A activity with higher average fees earned. The upside in adjusted compensation and benefits expenses is primarily attributable to a larger bonus expense accrual in 2022, on the back of meaningfully higher revenues. The firm added 17 MDs in 2022 through internal development and external hiring. It has hired an MD in Europe to strengthen its foothold in the business services sector

"The war in Ukraine has increased uncertainty on a global basis, resulting in capital markets volatility and wide-ranging strategic questions for corporate leaders…However, even with this recent uncertainty, the fundamental themes that drive M&A activity in the intermediate to long term are still in place. Rates are still low from a historical perspective, markets are accessible, and CEO confidence remains high…We also anticipate increased activity with respect to the evolving energy transition landscape, ESG-related drivers and increased private equity activity as sponsors invest record levels of accumulated capital. Notably, private equity dry powder now exceeds USD 3.4 trillion, and sponsors continue to focus on numerous ways to put this money to work."

– John S. Weinberg, Chairman & CEO, Evercore (April 2022)

Source: Company reports and press

M&A Advisory Firms' Performance – Key Highlights (2/2)

PJT

On a YoY basis, PJT's advisory revenue increased by 19%, due to higher revenue from the restructuring business. Revenue from placement services increased by 20% YoY, partially offset by a decline in corporate placement activity. The company reiterated that it expects all businesses, apart from the restructuring business, to post record performance in FY'22. It believes that the restructuring business has bottomed out in terms of activity. The firm authorized a USD 200 million repurchase program in Apr'2022

P / W / P

PWP's revenue decreased by 11% YoY during Q1'22, largely driven by a dip in M&A activity in its U.S. business but partially offset by an increase in non-U.S. M&A completions. The downside can be attributed to the completion of fewer advisory transactions despite a moderate increase in the average fee size per client on a YoY basis. The company witnessed growth in the industrials, energy and healthcare sectors. In Q1'22, its restructuring and liability management business performed better due to the rising interest rates and macroeconomic headwinds on corporate balance sheets. PWP does not expect a material rise in traditional restructuring activity for the remainder of 2022

Greenhill

Greenhill's revenue decreased 34% YoY in Q1'22, mainly due to relatively few significant transaction closings. Based on its backlog, the company expects a solid full-year result with revenue generation weighted towards the second half of the year. The company expects the recent economic developments will weigh on a few segments but will be more than offset by gains in areas such as energy and mining and in regions such as Australia and Canada. Greenhill expects its free cash flow to be directed primarily towards share repurchases

"There continue to be a number of catalysts for M&A activity globally. Technology is driving strategic activity and market cap across every sector. We are observing significant flows into alternatives with investors focused on private equity, driving activity for both M&A and capital raising. The energy transition is an increasingly important factor influencing strategic decisions and one that we believe is going to increase in significance in the future. And lastly, we believe infrastructure is a sector that will be transformative and will emerge as central to M&A and strategic advice, both in the immediate and longer term."

– Kenneth Marc Jacobs, Chairman & CEO, Lazard (April 2022)

Source: Company reports and press

Road Ahead

Global geopolitical uncertainties might subdue overall deal activity with inflation being viewed as a double-edged sword

- The ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict has halted overall investment banking revenues of the bulge bracket banks
- The sharp decline is in contrast to 2021, wherein these banks benefited from an exceptionally favourable deal-making environment supported by the release of funds previously set aside for loan losses
- Looking ahead, investors will likely focus more on prospects for banks to increase their net interest income as they benefit from higher interest rates owing to inflation
- However, investors have also voiced their concerns about a probable recession amid inflationary pressure, which might lead to higher defaults

Advisory revenues are expected to rebound with firms ramping up their internal pipelines and hiring of senior talent

- M&A advisory revenues across the industry showcased strong YoY growth primarily driven by the closure of previously announced deals from last year
- Deals activity is expected to pick up in the medium-term and long-term as companies will need to refine their core strategies to address business challenges
- With a global PE industry sitting on record dry powder, advisory firms continue to expand their capabilities, increase dialogue with clients and hire talent at all levels to broaden their coverage to better service big as well as middle-market sponsors

ECM and DCM volumes to stay at pre-pandemic levels with trading activities acting as a bailout for the bulge bracket banks

- The capital market should continue to witness a highly volatile environment across all asset classes due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict, increasing concerns over recession and a changing interest rate backdrop, which might weigh on primary and secondary market issuances
- A heightened level of volatility substantially should drive brokerage revenue from commodities, currencies and fixed rates; however, some softness in credit / structured products across the banks might partially offset the increase in revenue
- Trading activity is expected to remain high, and clients are expected to stay engaged as the dispersion of potential macro-outcomes remains high

Labour shortages and wage inflation are growing concerns in the industry

- The industry has been facing a severe talent crunch in the recent past, witnessing the highest employee attrition ever in opting out of investment banking
- Highly competitive salaries along with slightly favourable working hours in private equity have made the situation even more challenging
- This year all the banks have rolled out higher bonuses (for FY 2021) and promotions aimed at retaining top-performing talents and avoiding high employee turnover

About the Authors

Arjun Paul

Manager
Corporate and Investment Banking LoB

- Arjun has over 7 years of experience in investment banking

Arjun.Paul@evalueserve.com

Sumit Jhamb

Research Lead
Corporate and Investment Banking LoB

- Sumit has over 10 years of experience in investment banking and management consulting

Sumit.Jhamb@evalueserve.com

Bhaskar Joshi

Research Lead
Corporate and Investment Banking LoB

- Bhaskar has over 7 years of investment banking experience

Bhaskar.Joshi@evalueserve.com

Evalueserve’s Corporate and Investment Banking practice works with bulge bracket banks, commercial banks and boutique advisory firms. Our key practice areas include Sector and Product support, Lending & Credit support, Business Information / Library Services, Presentation Support services and Business Reporting. Our proprietary technology platform helps streamline and automate workflows, re-use work products through knowledge management and automate repetitive tasks. For more information, please visit: https://www.evalueserve.com/industry/financial-services

Thank you