

### Introduction

Real estate appraisal and valuation is a key process required for a variety of purposes like financing, sales listing, investment analysis, property insurance, and taxation. Several factors influence the valuation of real estate properties. These factors can be broadly categorized into two groups: macroeconomic factors and property-specific factors. Macroeconomic factors are general economic factors which account for systemic risk in the valuation process whereas property-specific factors cover the unsystematic risks (risks that affect a specific property).

In this blog, we cover the factors affecting real estate valuation, the various methods for valuation, Evalueserve's services and how we add value to the bankers.

## **Factors Affecting Real Estate Valuation**

#### **Macroeconomic Factors:**

- Supply and Demand: The balance between the supply of and demand for properties in a specific market area affects their value. High demand and limited supply can lead to increased property values.
- **Economic Conditions:** General economic conditions, such as GDP growth, employment rates, inflation, and interest rates, have a significant impact on real estate valuation.
- Location: The location of a property, including proximity to amenities, transportation, schools, and employment opportunities, plays a vital role in determining its value.
- Market Sentiment: Market sentiment and investor confidence can influence property valuations. Positive sentiment often leads to increased property values.

### **Property-Specific Factors:**

- Size and Features: The size, layout, and features of a property, including the number of rooms, bathrooms, parking spaces, and additional amenities, affect its value.
- Condition: The overall condition of a property, including its age, maintenance, renovations, and structural integrity, impacts its valuation.
- Comparable Sales: Recent sales prices of similar properties in the vicinity provide valuable information for determining a property's value.
- Income Potential: For commercial properties or rental properties, the potential income generated by the property can significantly influence its valuation.

### **Methods of Real Estate Valuation**

While working with investment banking and private equity clients on deal execution, Evalueserve team conducts property valuations whenever necessary. Here are three commonly employed valuation methods:

- 1. Sales Comparison Approach (Market Approach): This method compares the subject property to recently sold comparable properties in the same area. Adjustments are made for differences in features and characteristics to estimate the property's value.
- 2. Cost Approach: This method calculates the value of a property by considering the cost of replacing or reproducing the property, considering depreciation and obsolescence. It is particularly useful for new or unique properties.
- **3. Income Approach:** Primarily used for incomegenerating properties, this method determines the value based on the property's income potential. It involves estimating the net operating income and applying a capitalization rate to arrive at the property's value

The most widely used method of estimating real estate valuations is the Income Approach Method which is discussed on next page.



# Income approach method of real estate valuation

The income approach is particularly used for income-generating properties such as commercial buildings, rental properties, or investment properties. This approach determines the value of a property based on its income potential. It is especially useful when evaluating properties that generate consistent rental income or have the potential for future income generation. Here's an overview of the income approach method:

- **Net Operating Income (NOI):** The first step in the income approach is to calculate the property's Net Operating Income (NOI). NOI is the property's annual income generated from operations after deducting operating expenses but before deducting mortgage payments, income taxes, and other non-operating expenses. It represents the property's potential income if it were fully leased and operated efficiently. NOI = Total Income Operating Expenses
- Capitalization Rate (Cap Rate): The capitalization rate, also known as the cap rate, is a crucial component of the income approach. It is used to convert the property's expected income into an estimate of its value. The cap rate is derived from market data and reflects the rate of return that investors expect from similar properties in the market.
   Cap Rate = NOI / Property Value
  - The cap rate can be determined by analysing recent sales of comparable properties in the market or by considering the prevailing rates in the real estate market. Lower cap rates indicate higher property values, as they imply a higher return on investment.
- Value Estimation: Once the cap rate is determined, the estimated value of the property can be calculated by dividing the property's NOI by the cap rate:
   Property Value = NOI / Cap Rate
   This value represents the estimated market value of the property based on its income potential. It is important to note that the income approach does not consider the property's physical characteristics or recent comparable sales directly but focuses on the income generated by the property.

**Considerations and Limitations:** While the income approach provides a valuable framework for valuing income-generating properties, there are some considerations and limitations to keep in mind:

- Accuracy of Income and Expense Data: The
  accuracy and reliability of the income and
  expense data used to calculate the NOI are
  crucial for an accurate valuation. It is
  important to ensure that the data used is upto-date and representative of the property's
  actual income potential.
- Market Conditions and Capitalization
  Rates: Market conditions and investor
  preferences can impact capitalization rates.
  Changes in market conditions or shifts in
  investor sentiment can affect the cap rate
  used in the valuation, making it necessary to
  consider current market trends.
- Property-Specific Factors: The income approach may not account for specific property characteristics that can impact value but are not directly related to income. Factors such as location, physical condition, and future development potential may require additional consideration or adjustments in the valuation.
- Future Income Projections: The income approach assumes that the property's income remains consistent or grows over time.
   Projections of future income need to be based on reasonable assumptions and market conditions.

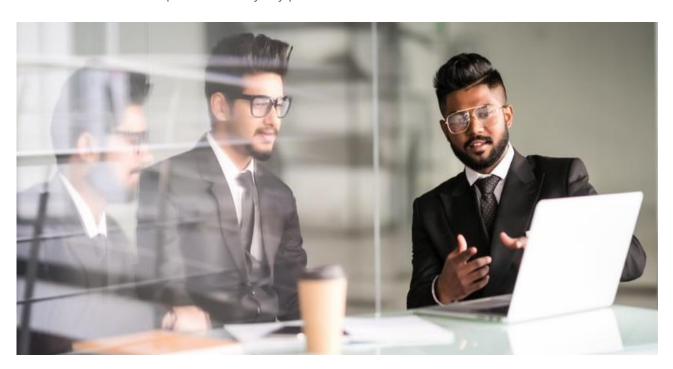
In conclusion, the income approach method of real estate valuation focuses on the income potential of a property and uses the NOI and capitalization rate to estimate its value. It is particularly useful for income-generating properties but should be complemented by other valuation methods and considerations to arrive at a comprehensive and accurate valuation.

### **How Evalueserve helps its clients:**

Investment banks play a crucial role in real estate mergers, acquisitions, and divestitures. We assist clients in valuing properties or portfolios, negotiating deals, conducting due diligence, and structuring transactions to maximize value for buyers and sellers.

Evalueserve plays a significant role in real estate valuation through their expertise in this arena. We provide valuable services to investment banks catering to real estate investors. Here are some ways we assist in real estate valuation:

- **Market Research:** We possess extensive market research capabilities for the real estate sector. We collect and analyse data on local real estate markets, including supply and demand dynamics, rental rates, vacancy rates, and economic indicators. This information enables us to value a property accurately for the deal support process.
- **Financial Modelling:** We advise clients by creating detailed financial models that incorporate factors such as property acquisition costs, projected rental income, operating expenses, financing terms, and anticipated capital appreciation. These models help determine the value and feasibility of an investment opportunity.
- **Investment Advisory:** Our team provides advisory services to clients looking to invest in real estate companies. We offer our clients support on investment strategies, asset allocation, risk management, and portfolio diversification. We also assist in structuring real estate investment vehicles such as real estate investment trusts (REITs) and private equity funds.
- **Capital Raising:** We support our investment banking clients in their capital raising activities for real estate companies and developers. We help analysing and selecting the best financing strategies. We provide support in financial modelling, option analysis and information memorandum preparation. This capital infusion can be used for property acquisitions, development projects, or refinancing existing debt.
- **Due Diligence:** We conduct extensive due diligence on real estate transactions to assess their viability and mitigate risks. We examine legal documents, property records, lease agreements, zoning regulations, and environmental reports to identify any potential issues or liabilities.



**Conclusion:** Real estate valuation is a multifaceted process that requires expertise, market knowledge, and a thorough understanding of various valuation methodologies. By considering factors such as location, property characteristics, market conditions, and employing the appropriate valuation methods, we help our bankers to estimate the fair market value of a property. A comprehensive understanding of real estate valuation is essential for buyers, sellers, investors, lenders, and other stakeholders involved in real estate transactions, empowering them to make informed decisions in this dynamic industry. Evalueserve's expert research analysts help the investment banking clients in making informed decision making and taking accurate investment decisions.

Evalueserve has extensive experience of working with large, mid-market investment and boutique advisory firms providing deal execution support for live deal mandates across various sectors. Most mid-market and boutique advisory firms have leaner deal teams and require support for deal preparation and deal marketing phases. Our trained pool of analysts supports deal teams across the deal execution process, thus helping our clients to execute more deals. For more information, please visit: https://www.evalueserve.com/solutions/deal-execution-support/

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Evalueserve is a leading analytics partner to Fortune 500 companies. Powered by mind+machine™, Evalueserve combines insights emerging from data and research with the efficiency of digital tools and platforms to design impactful solutions. A global team of 4,000+ experts collaborates with clients across 15+ industries.

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